

OROZCO TELLS OF PLOT TO RESTORE HUERTA TO MEXICAN PRESIDENCY

Former Army Officer Confesses to Part He Played in Efforts Made to Regain Lost Leadership by Deposed President

IS PRISONER AT EL PASO

Says Huerta Had Fund of Eleven Million Back of His Efforts to Raise Mexican Army in the United States

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire] SAN ANTONIO, Nov. 5.—Jose Orozco, former chief lieutenant of his cousin, Gen. Pascual Orozco, and who is a prisoner at El Paso, has made a complete confession of the alleged plot to restore Victoriano Huerta to power in Mexico, according to information given out tonight at the office of United States District Attorney J. L. Camp in San Antonio.

It is understood that warrants will be issued for the arrest of at least twelve men said to be implicated in the plot. Orozco, it is said, detailed the story of alleged plans for an uprising with ramifications in half a dozen states and for which agents in New York, New Orleans, Galveston and San Antonio were working. Huerta was in New York while the plans for the invasion of Mexico from the United States were being arranged, according to information from the district attorney's office, but left for the west when everything was ready for launching the scheme to seize Juarez and make it the provisional capital of Mexico.

Then came the arrest of the former dictator in El Paso. According to the statement, Orozco did not prevent Orozco from attempting to carry out the original plans. Orozco crossed into Mexico, jumping his bond given in the United States, and joined Jose Orozco in an attempt to get men and arms across the border to Mexico at a point east of Juarez, the alleged confession says. Jose was arrested in Texas while trying to take these arms across and Pascual was killed several weeks later in west Texas while he was endeavoring to recross into Mexico to head a large body of troops collected and awaiting a commander.

The following extract is taken from the alleged confession which was not made public in full:

There was \$11,000,000 behind the Huerta movement and the former clerical party in Mexico was backing it. Pascual Orozco, Jose Orozco, Isabelle Gomez Robello, former secretary to Orozco, now living in San Antonio, and Gen. Jose Ynez Salazar, now in prison in New Mexico, were to have been the Huerta generals who were to launch the revolt. As soon as they captured Juarez, Huerta was to have pronounced it his provisional capital. Six thousand rifles had been ordered for the revolt, also sixty machine guns.

According to the district attorney's office, Orozco decided to make a clean breast of his knowledge of the alleged plot when certain friends in whom he trusted and gave money to have his bond furnished, proved false. The sworn statement was said to have been made to Assistant U. S. District Attorney R. E. Crawford.

Federal officials said tonight that they had been able to find few of the rifles mentioned by Orozco as having been ordered for the revolution, but that six machine guns had been discovered. Orozco is said to have told where twelve others may be found, declaring he knew nothing of the remaining forty-two.

MARRIED TEACHERS BEST

Bride-Teacher Says Marriage Gives Wider View Point

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire] AUBURN, Cal., Nov. 5.—That woman's efficiency as a teacher is increased by marriage, was the statement made here today by Mrs. Margaret Schellenberger McNaught, commissioner of the elementary schools, in an address before the teachers institute.

Mrs. McNaught was married last week. She told the teachers that marriage broadens the horizon and develops the communicative instinct. "With the wider viewpoint the teacher gains through marriage," she said, "she is able to talk more efficiently." Mrs. McNaught concluded her address by advising the young unmarried teachers to get married as soon as possible.

ILLINOIS STATE EMPLOYEES HAVE PAY STOPPED BY COURT

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire] CHICAGO, Nov. 5.—The Illinois supreme court upheld tonight an injunction stopping the payment of the salaries of 165 state employees, totalling \$262,348.

The court also held that appropriations for committees to sit after the adjournment of the legislature was illegal.

The decision which resulted from a taxpayers suit attacking an omnibus salary bill passed by the last legislature, was handed down on technical grounds. The court declared that the salary items were in the wrong bill and should have been carried in the state officers salary bill.

FIRE LIEUTENANT GUILTY OF ARSON

PORTLAND, Ore., Nov. 5.—Mordie Keeney, former lieutenant in the Portland fire department, was convicted of arson tonight by a jury in the circuit court, the specific charge being that he had set fire to a cottage after conspiring with others to buy, furnish and insure it for the express purpose of burning it and collecting the insurance, amounting to \$500. Keeney's case was the first of a number of prosecutions scheduled of alleged members of an "arson ring," whose members are alleged to have set a number of fires.

CHICAGO PAPERS ALLEGED AID IN BANK COLLAPSE

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire]

MORRIS, Ill., Nov. 5.—Charles B. Munday testified today that from the opening of the LaSalle Street National bank, the first Lorimer-Munday venture, to the close of the LaSalle Street Trust and Savings bank, insidious influences were at work against the enterprises and himself. These hostile influences, he said, developed into persecution by Chicago bankers and newspapers and resulted in the failure of the LaSalle Street Trust, successor of the LaSalle Street National bank.

Munday is on trial for alleged conspiracy in connection with the failure of the LaSalle Street Trust and Savings bank, the case having been brought here on a change of venue from Cook county on Munday's affidavit that he could not receive a fair trial in Chicago because of the political hostility to Wm. Lorimer, president of the bank, who once occupied a seat in the United States senate.

On the witness stand today Munday said that Owen T. Reeves, a federal bank examiner, once criticized an emergency loan to the Chicago Inter-Ocean, a newspaper. Through some agency unknown to the witness, he said, this became known and at once the other Chicago newspapers became his enemies. He asserted that the condition of his national bank was "most excellent" at the time it was changed to a state institution. The reason for making the transfer was the advantages which the Illinois banking laws gave over the federal laws in the matter of permitting a bank to make loans on real estate and do a savings and trust business. At that time, Munday said, his bank carried from 40 to 60 per cent of its deposits in its reserve on account of the persecution of the newspapers.

Referring to the alleged killing of checks which had been testified to earlier in the trial, Munday said he "believed and believes yet" that his estate was large enough to warrant such transactions.

He testified that he had due from the LaSalle Trust and Savings Bank \$15,000 back salary and \$143,000 in cash advanced.

Munday's testimony covered also the various companies in which he was interested. Before he had finished, Judge Stough adjourned court until Monday.

"A LITTLE DINNER" FIGURES STRONG IN NEW HAVEN CASE

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire] NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—"A little dinner" given by John M. Hall, former president of the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad to the railroad commission of the lower house of the Connecticut legislature, figured in the testimony introduced by the government today at the trial of the eleven former directors of the New Haven road charged with violation of the Sherman anti-trust law.

"I went over to the capital," Hall wrote on June 3, 1897, to E. C. Robinson, a New Haven director, "and found the railroad commission had resurrected the Montville charter and got it into the senate. As I was all alone I had to fly around the senators and get them to rebury it. At the little dinners we gave the commission afterward at the Hartford club, they seemed well satisfied."

This and other letters written by Hall to obtain legislation to defeat the charter were put in by the government, according to R. L. Bates of its counsel, to show the means employed by the New Haven to thwart competition.

Before adjournment today, counsel for the defense filed with Judge Hunt memoranda in support of their objection to the admission of evidence tending to show that the so-called conspirators contemplated at any time the use of, or actually employed any method or methods in furtherance of the supposed conspiracy other than those set forth in the eight subdivisions of the paragraph which undertakes to describe such means and methods.

The defense maintains that political activities were not mentioned in the indictment.

CONFLICT SAID TO EXIST IN THE CABINET AT ROME

Differences Concerning the Italian Military Operations Are Said to Be Causing Dissensions in the Official Family

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire] ROME, via Paris, Nov. 5.—Sharp differences of opinion have developed in the cabinet concerning the war. These differences have not reached the extent of a crisis, but have brought about a conflict in view, leading to an exciting incident.

One of the ministers at a recent meeting of the cabinet is said to have expressed the view that Italy's best interests would be best served by assisting a movement toward the restoration of peace. This caused an angry protest and charges were made against the good faith of the minister suggesting peace. Epithets were exchanged and one of the ministers, according to reports, overcame by indignation threw a book at a colleague whose suggestion had caused the strife.

The incident is declared to have been largely of a personal nature and the cabinet and country are united with this exception, for continuing the present policy.

While a cabinet crisis such as this has never occurred in Italy, France, England and Russia, has been avoided, opinion here is divided concerning the conduct of the war, especially as regards a Balkan expedition. Lieut. General Count Cadorna's iron will has triumphed in this respect. He said he would rather resign as chief of the general staff than allow a part of his troops to participate in a Balkan undertaking, and his view was finally adopted by the minister of war and the entire cabinet.

The navy department also has passed through a crisis. Admiral Camillo Corvi was substituted for Vice Admiral Viale as minister of marine, and this action was quickly followed by the relieving of Vice Admiral Thaon di Revel from the head of the naval general staff. Vice Admiral Corvi has not announced the direction of the fleet, which is expected to lead an aggressive naval campaign.

SAYS U. S. DOES NOT UNDERSTAND JAPAN

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire] BALTIMORE, Nov. 5.—Dr. Rudolph B. Teusler, medical missionary in charge of St. Luke's international hospital in Tokyo, Japan, in an address today before the convention of the Layman Missionary movement, severely criticized the attitude of the United States toward Japan.

Much of the feeling of unfriendliness and distrust against Japan in this country, said Dr. Teusler, is the result of prejudice and misinformation. He praised the attitude of Japan toward the Chinese and said Japan's policy of a Monroe doctrine in the far east will do much for the preservation of the integrity of that nation.

Dr. Teusler, who is a cousin of Mrs. Norman Galt, fiancée of President Wilson, has been in Japan sixteen years.

RONALD BROWN WOUNDED [Republican A. P. Leased Wire] OTTAWA, Nov. 5.—Ronald C. Brown, of San Diego, California, is reported wounded in the casualty list of the Canadian Overseas forces, made public by the militia department tonight.

BELIEVE HAVE EXPOSITION THIEF

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 5.—In the arrest tonight of a man who gave his name as Perry A. Davis, the Panama-Pacific exposition guards believe they have the thief responsible for a number of recent robberies from the various exhibit palaces. Davis is said by the guards to have made a full confession and to have led the officers who arrested him to his room, where many valuables said to have been stolen at the exposition were found.

THIRD ATTEMPT AT SUICIDE IS SUCCESSFUL

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire]

BERKELEY, Nov. 5.—Former Judge W. O. Brittan, pioneer member of the California bar, who tried to jump overboard yesterday from a bay ferry steamer and who shot himself last night with a small rifle, ended his life tonight by jumping from the third story window of a private hospital where he was taken after shooting himself.

Judge Brittan, who is said to have been mentally unbalanced, was thought to be dying from the effects of the self-inflicted bullet wound. He was in charge of a special nurse.

Miss Lilla Mahan, a student nurse, who had been left to watch Brittan while the special nurse stepped out of the room to get her patient's supper, was clinging to Brittan when he dived through the wire screen that guarded the window, and she narrowly escaped being carried with him to the ground.

When he jumped from the bed, she said, she grabbed him, but was roughly handled as he struggled toward the window. He dived headlong through the screen, she said.

It was only by grasping the window frame when she was half way through that she saved herself.

Brittan died a few minutes after being picked up.

Judge Brittan was 60 years old and was for a number of years on the superior bench in San Francisco.

SANTA CLARA IS NOW BREAKING UP

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire] MARSHFIELD, Ore., Nov. 5.—The stranded steamer Santa Clara began breaking up tonight. Quantities of goods of various kinds were coming ashore and a hundred or more persons gathered on the beach were seizing and taking away the floats. Sheriff Alfred Johnson and seven deputies attempted to stop the looting but were defied by the crowd. An appeal was telegraphed to the United States marshal at Portland to detain the men here before the looting in charge but up to a late hour no reply had been received.

Among the floats was a large amount of bottled whiskey in cases and the disorder increased after this had been opened and its consumption begun. The Chinese and the wreck to throw the goods into the sea so that it might float ashore for them to gather up.

WABASH SETTLES DIFFICULTY Signs New Wage Scale With Engineers and Firemen

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire] ST. LOUIS, Nov. 5.—The Wabash railroad announced today that it had adjusted all differences with its firemen and engineers relative to the award made by the federal arbitration committee which about a year ago averted a general strike of engineers and firemen on all western railroads.

The new contracts to be signed tomorrow will give the trainmen an aggregate increase in salary of about \$100,000 a year, it was said.

NEVADA IS O. K.

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire] BOSTON, Nov. 5.—The superdreadnought Nevada, testing her efficiency before the naval trial board today, plunked for 12 hours at top speed through the waters of Massachusetts bay and finished in a gale off Cape Cod tonight. A message her builders said that her performance was successful. It was added that she would be subjected to an overhauling at Provincetown tomorrow instead of resuming her trials immediately.

ELEVEN JURORS IN BOX FOR SCHMIDT DYNAMITING TRIAL

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire] LOS ANGELES, Nov. 5.—Two more permanent jurors were selected today, making eleven in all, at the trial of Matthew A. Schmidt, charged with murder in connection with the destruction of the Los Angeles Times building, Oct. 1, 1910.

One of the new jurors is H. H. Hayward, a retired grocer of Pasadena, and the other is W. J. Hawkins, a laborer of Azusa, a small country town. The defense exercised one peremptory challenge during the day, leaving them but one more. The prosecution has two unexercised.

A recess was taken until next Monday when the work of obtaining

CONGRESS WILL HEAR OF ARMY DEFENSE PLAN

Secretary Garrison Will for First Time Disclose Details of New Army and Navy Program When Congress Meets Again

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire] WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—An outline of the army's part in the national defense program to be submitted to congress in December by the administration was made public tonight by Secretary Garrison disclosing for the first time details of the plan to raise a great continental or citizen army to supplement the regular establishment.

In brief, it is proposed to increase the regular army from 108,000 to 141,842 officers and men (changing the term of enlistment from four years with the colors and three years on furlough to two years with the colors and four years on furlough) to organize a federal citizen army of 400,000 (to be enlisted 133,000 a year for three years) to strengthen the state militia by increased appropriations and closer co-operation and to spend \$20,000,000 a year for four years on coast defenses and \$25,000,000 a year for four years in the accumulation of reserve material for use by a force of five hundred thousand men.

Mr. Garrison says that the framers of the new policy are fully conscious of the possibility of formulating military theories much better in theory, but that "after concentrated consideration of existing legal and other conditions they think it will be found that almost insuperable objections and difficulties arise in the carrying into practical operation suggestions that from the military standpoint might otherwise be very acceptable."

The statement reveals that in the preparation of their plans war department officials have called into consultation specialists in various lines of private industry.

"It has been proposed it says, 'to make available in time of need the services of those in various lines of employment requiring special knowledge and skill, such as railroad men, bridge builders, engineers of all descriptions, etc., and leading men in these lines and professions have been collaborating with the war department in an endeavor to formulate by legislation or administrative action an accessible and useful plan with respect thereto.'"

"In this connection, and because of the patriotic spirit thus displayed, it seems desirable to say that if those who are the employers of the young men of the country cannot by reason of age or situation in life, give their personal service, they can do that which will be equally useful by encouraging in every way the participation of those in their employ in the plan of national defense. If they would so arrange their business that a certain proportion of those whom they engage could undertake this national service without sacrificing their personal interests, those who did this thing would be acting in the most public spirited and patriotic manner possible."

The citizen army would be recruited throughout the entire country and organized in geographical divisions. Its members, though enlisted for six year terms, would be required to report for intensive training only for short periods each year for three years, and during the remaining three years would be furloughed subject to the call to the colors in time of war. In addition to officers who may be developed in the course of its operation, Mr. Garrison proposed to draw officers for this force from men who have served in the national guard or the regular army or who have served in the national guard or trained in private military schools, individuals or organizations in the existing national guard free to do would be permitted to come into the citizen army without change of rank.

For the next fiscal year when it is proposed to put this new policy into operation, congress will be asked to appropriate \$182,707,036; the second year the amount will be \$212,815,879; the third \$228,315,879, and annually thereafter. If the policy were continued without change the army budget would be \$182,234,559.

The additions to the regular army contemplated are ten regiments of



MILLINERY SPECIALS

Goldwater's have arranged a special showing of Millinery at very attractive prices. Exact copies of imported models that mark the trend of fashion in the most authentic way.

Trimmed Hats \$10.00

Selected from our more expensive showing in the season's smartest styles—correctly trimmed—extremely modish—exclusive models.

Trimmed Hats \$7.50

Smartest exclusive styles, that were formerly higher priced. Fashionably trimmed—unusual values.

Trimmed Hats \$5.00

Exceptional values—favorite colors—rich trimmings and smart shapes make these very special values popular with the most conservative.

Leather Goods

Wash up outfit—consisting of towel, wash cloth, soap box and rubberized wash basin in soft leather case—very compact, convenient to carry—each \$5.00

RUBBERIZED WASH BASIN—in flexible leather case, each \$3.50

TRAVELER'S LAUNDRY KIT—Something new and very practical—clothes pins—clothes line, and glass push pins for fastening the ends of the line are all encased in neat folder, excellent for going away and holiday gifts—priced according to the quality of the case at 50c \$1.00 and \$1.75

SHOE POLISHERS—Well made of flexible leather that is lined with lamb's fur—when rolled up, and fastened with glove clasp, may be carried in the hand bag or pocket—each 25c

Leather Bags \$1.39

New selection just received—pin seal, Morocco and polished Morocco finish—fitted with attached coin purse and swinging mirror—floral poplin lined—Extra good values.

YOSHIHITO LEAVES FOR KIOTO TO ACCEDE TO JAPANESE THRONE

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire]

TOKIO, Nov. 5.—Yoshihito, emperor of Japan and 122nd head of the Japanese imperial house after the first emperor Jimmu whose reign began 2575 years ago, left Tokio today for Kioto to make his state entry into the capital of his forefathers and there formally accede to the throne of the Empire of the Rising Sun. The monarch was to have been accompanied by Empress Sadako, but the nearness of the period when her majesty is expected to give birth to another heir prevented her from participating in the ceremonies.

As the emperor emerged from the palace he was greeted by 200,000 school children who paid silent homage to the ruler. There was no cheering, the authorities bearing in mind the accident which happened to King George recently on the western war front when his horse was frightened by the cheers of the soldiers and threw him, causing painful injuries. Soldiers and blue-jackets were drawn up in the streets ten lines deep. American and other foreigners viewed the procession from a reserved section, waiting two hours before the emperor appeared.

Infantry, four regiments of field artillery, 52 regiments of coast artillery, 15 companies of engineers and four aero squadrons, to be brought in, half next year and half the following year.

This plan when completed would place in the Panama canal zone, Hawaiian islands, the Philippines and Alaska, 1453 officers and 47,450 enlisted men. In the continental United States there would be in the regular establishment, 2,556 officers and 66,968 men, including eleven and two thirds regiments of cavalry, twenty-six and two-thirds regiments of infantry, seven regiments of cavalry, twenty-six and two-thirds regiments of infantry, seven regiments of field

The whole city of Tokio is in joyous fete unexampled in Japanese history since the triumphant entry of Emperor Mutsuhito nearly fifty years ago. Hundreds of thousands of people are here from the provinces, most of them to remain until the great celebration in Tokio at the end of the month when the emperor returns from Kioto. Special flags and paper lanterns are suspended over every door to mark the impending coronation of the happy coronation period. Streets, parks and public buildings are decorated with festal flags and banners. The tramcars wear garlands. From the noble to the ricksha man the dominating note is joy and gladness.

Even convicts are participating in the coronation, 100,000 flags having been distributed in the prisons. Prior to the departure of the imperial cortege a solemn religious ceremony was performed at the Imperial sanctuary in the palace.

The train conveying the emperor and court was due to arrive at Nagoya this afternoon. The emperor will pass the night there at the palace and proceed to Kioto tomorrow.

artillery, 170 companies of coast artillery and about 4,000 officers and men in the engineer and signal corps.

COMING HEAVYWEIGHT DULUTH, Minn., Nov. 5.—Fred Fulton, Rochester, Minn., heavyweight, won from Terry Keller of Australia by a technical knockout in the fourth round before the Duluth Athletic club tonight.

Fulton was not forced to extend himself. In the fourth round, Fulton landed three solid rights to the jaw, scoring a knockdown each time. Referee Harry Stout of Milwaukee then stopped the fight. Fulton has been picked as one of three possibilities for Jess Willard at New Orleans in March.

Your Suit Will Surely Fit

if purchased here, for all alterations are most carefully made by Ed. Goldberg, who is in charge of our tailoring department. He is an experienced tailor, and we are proud of his work.



35-37 North Central

Fine Clothing and De Luxe Haberdashery
Ask to see our Hirsh-Wickwire \$25 special